

CAREERS 360

PREPARATION **Series**

CUET PG 2024

History Syllabus

Syllabus for History PGQP11

Ancient History of India (10000 BC to 1206 AD)

- Stone Age (Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic age),
- Chalcolithic Age, Indus Valley Civilization, Aryan & Vedic Age,
- State formation in Ancient India,
- Rise of Ancient Indian Empire (Haryank, Shishunag, Nanda Dynasty),
- Age of Religion (Buddhism & Jainism),
- Mauryan Age (Social, Political and Culture),
- Post - Mauryan Period (Indo-Greeks, Sakas, Kushanas, Western Kshatrapas), Early State and Society in South India (Kharavela, Satavahanas, Tamil States of the Sangam Age; Administration, Economy, Art and Architecture).
- Guptas, Vakatakas and Vardhanas (Administration, Society and Culture),
- Regional States during Gupta Era: The Kadambas, Pallavas, Chalukyas of Badami; Polity and Administration, Literature; growth of Vaishnava and Shaiva religions. Palas, Senas, Rashtrakutas, Paramours, Polity and Administration.

Early Medieval India (750 AD- 1206 AD)

- Major political developments in Northern India, the rise of Rajputs;
- The Cholas: Administration, Village Economy and Society;
- Indian Feudalism; Agrarian economy and urban settlements;
- Trade and Commerce

Medieval History of India (1206-1707 AD)

- Establishment of Delhi-Sultanate Rule (Mamulak, Khilji and Tughlaq dynasty), Administration of Delhi Sultanate (Military reform, Iqta system etc.),
- Art & Architecture Vijaynagar and Bahamani Kingdom (Rise, Social, Economic and Administration),
- Bhakti Movement, Sufi Movement;
- Culture: Persian literature,
- Establishment of Mughal Empire (Administration, Society, Political and Literature), Expansion of Mughal Empire (Babar to Aurangzeb),
- Rise of Sur dynasty,
- Decline of Mughal Empire.

Modern History of India (1707 to 1947)

- Modern Historiography,
- Colonialism in India, British Raj & British Expansion in India, Imperialism, Social and Cultural Development, Structure of British Administration (all Acts)
- Economic impact in British Period (Settlement), Industrialization, Social and Religious Reform movement (Ram Mohan Rai, Swami Dayanand, Jyoiba Phule etc.),
- National movement in India,
- Mass Movement and British Rule,
- Indian National Congress Summit, Gandhian Movement, Constitutional Development, Struggle for Freedom.
- European History, French, England, American and Russian Revolution, World War First and Second.