

# **CAREERS 360**

## **PRACTICE** **Series**

### **MDU 5-Year LLB**

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### **Exam 2025**

### **Question Paper with Solutions (Set X)-Code A**

JKL  
Anusye

SET-“X” (Total No. of printed pages : 31)

(DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION BOOKLET BEFORE TIME OR UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO)

BLBHJ-EE-June, 2025 (LL.B. (Hons.) Five Year)

11149

Sr. No. \_\_\_\_\_

11

Code

A

Time : 1¼ Hours                      Total Questions : 100                      Max. Marks : 100

Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_ (in figure) \_\_\_\_\_ (in words)

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth : \_\_\_\_\_

Father's Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Mother's Name : \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Examination : \_\_\_\_\_

(Signature of the candidate)

(Signature of the Invigilator)

**CANDIDATES MUST READ THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION/ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE STARTING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. The candidates must return the Question book-let as well as OMR answer-sheet to the Invigilator concerned before leaving the Examination Hall, failing which a case of use of unfair-means / mis-behaviour will be registered against him / her, in addition to lodging of an FIR with the police. Further the answer-sheet of such a candidate will not be evaluated.
3. Keeping in view the transparency of the examination system, carbonless OMR Sheet is provided to the candidate so that a copy of OMR Sheet may be kept by the candidate.
4. Question Booklet along-with answer key of all the A,B,C and D code shall be got uploaded on the University Website immediately after the conduct of Entrance Examination. Candidates may raise valid objection/complaint if any, with regard to discrepancy in the question booklet/answer key within 24 hours of uploading the same on the University website. The complaint be sent by the students to the Controller of Examinations by hand or through email. Thereafter, no complaint in any case will be considered.
5. The candidate MUST NOT do any rough work or writing in the OMR Answer-Sheet. Rough work, if any, may be done in the question book-let itself. Answers MUST NOT be ticked in the Question book-let.
6. There will be no negative marking. Each correct answer will be awarded one full mark. Cutting, erasing, overwriting and more than one answer in OMR Answer-Sheet will be treated as incorrect answer.
7. Use only Black or Blue **BALL POINT PEN** of good quality in the OMR Answer-Sheet.
8. BEFORE ANSWERING THE QUESTIONS, THE CANDIDATES SHOULD ENSURE THAT THEY HAVE BEEN SUPPLIED CORRECT AND COMPLETE BOOK-LET. COMPLAINTS, IF ANY, REGARDING MISPRINTING ETC. WILL NOT BE ENTERTAINED 30 MINUTES AFTER STARTING OF THE EXAMINATION.



Question No.	Questions
1.	<p>(Legal Aptitude)</p> <p>Which of the following is not exclusively a crime ?</p> <p>(1) Theft (2) Trespass (3) Murder (4) Kidnapping</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा अनन्य रूप से एक अपराध नहीं है ?</p> <p>(1) चोरी (2) अतिचार (3) हत्या (4) अपहरण</p>
2.	<p>Which part of the Indian Constitution deals with Fundamental Duties ?</p> <p>(1) Part-III (2) Part-IV (3) Part-IV A (4) Part-V</p> <p>भारतीय संविधान का कौन-सा भाग मौलिक कर्तव्यों से सम्बन्धित है ?</p> <p>(1) भाग-III (2) भाग-IV (3) भाग-IV A (4) भाग-V</p>
3.	<p>In law, what do you understand by the term, 'Estoppel'?</p> <p>(1) Prohibiting someone from committing a crime (2) A person cannot deny what he has previously stated (3) Right to sue in a civil court (4) Right to be heard</p> <p>कानून में आप 'विबन्धन' शब्द से क्या समझते हैं ?</p> <p>(1) किसी को अपराध करने से रोकना (2) कोई व्यक्ति पहले कही गयी बात से इनकार नहीं कर सकता (3) सिविल न्यायालय में मुकद्दमा करने का अधिकार (4) सुने जाने का अधिकार</p>

Question No.	Questions
4.	<p>Which Article of the Indian Constitution deals with the Uniform Civil Code?</p> <p>(1) Article 32 (2) Article 44 (3) Article 21 (4) Article 370</p> <p>भारतीय संविधान का कौन-सा अनुच्छेद समान नागरिक संहिता से सम्बन्धित है ?</p> <p>(1) अनुच्छेद 32 (2) अनुच्छेद 44 (3) अनुच्छेद 21 (4) अनुच्छेद 370</p>
5.	<p>What is the meaning of the legal maxim "Res ipsa loquitur"?</p> <p>(1) The thing speaks for itself (2) Let the buyer beware (3) To stand by decided matters (4) No one is above the law</p> <p>विधिक कहावत 'रेस इप्सा लॉकिटुर' का क्या अर्थ है ?</p> <p>(1) बात खुद ही बोलती है (2) खरीदार सावधान रहे (3) तय मामलों पर कायम रहना (4) कोई भी कानून से ऊपर नहीं है</p>
6.	<p>A person who is arrested and detained in custody must be presented before a magistrate within how many hours ?</p> <p>(1) 12 hours (2) 24 hours (3) 48 hours (4) 72 hours</p> <p>गिरफ्तार किये गये और हिरासत में लिये गये व्यक्ति को कितने घंटों के भीतर मजिस्ट्रेट के सामने प्रस्तुत किया जाना चाहिये ?</p> <p>(1) 12 घंटे (2) 24 घंटे (3) 48 घंटे (4) 72 घंटे</p>

**SET-X**  
**Code-A**

Question No.	Questions
7.	<p>If a minor enters into a contract for purchase of a mobile phone, what would be the status of such a contract under the Indian Contract Act, 1872 ?</p> <p>(1) Void ab initio                      (2) Voidable (3) Valid and enforceable              (4) Voidable at the option of the minor</p> <p>यदि कोई नाबालिग मोबाइल फोन खरीदने के लिये अनुबन्ध करता है, तो भारतीय अनुबंध अधिनियम, 1872 के अन्तर्गत ऐसे अनुबंध की स्थिति क्या होगी ?</p> <p>(1) आरंभ से ही अमान्य                      (2) अमान्यकरणीय (3) वैध तथा प्रवर्तनीय                      (4) नाबालिग की राय पर अमान्यकरणीय</p>
8.	<p>Which one of the following is guaranteed as a fundamental right under the Constitution of India ?</p> <p>(1) Right to vote                      (2) Right to constitutional remedies (3) Right to strike                      (4) Right to property</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा भारत के संविधान के अंतर्गत मौलिक अधिकारों के रूप में प्रत्याभूत है :</p> <p>(1) मतदान का अधिकार                      (2) संवैधानिक उपचारों का अधिकार (3) हड़ताल का अधिकार                      (4) सम्पत्ति का अधिकार</p>
9.	<p>What is the title of the writ issued by a court to restrain a person from holding a public office to which he is not entitled ?</p> <p>(1) Habeas Corpus                      (2) Mandamus (3) Quo Warranto                      (4) Certiorari</p> <p>किसी व्यक्ति को ऐसा सार्वजनिक पद धारण करने से रोकने के लिये जिसका वह हकदार नहीं है, न्यायालय द्वारा जारी रिट का शीर्षक क्या होता है ?</p> <p>(1) बंदी प्रत्यक्षीकरण                      (2) परमादेश (3) अधिकार पृच्छा                      (4) उत्प्रेषण</p>

Question No.	Questions
10.	<p>The doctrine of 'Rule of Law' is primarily associated with which of the following ?</p> <p>(1) Karl Marx (2) Montesquieu (3) Aristotle (4) Dicey</p> <p>“कानून के शासन” का सिद्धान्त मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किसके साथ जुड़ा है ?</p> <p>(1) कार्ल मार्क्स (2) मॉण्टेस्क्यू (3) अरस्तू (4) डायसी</p>
11.	<p>The Indian Penal Code, 1860 has been replaced by which of the following laws ?</p> <p>(1) Bharatiya Dand Sanhita, 2023 (2) Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (3) Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (4) Bharatiya Sakshya Adhinyam, 2023</p> <p>भारतीय दण्ड संहिता, 1860 को निम्नलिखित में से किस कानून द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किया गया है ?</p> <p>(1) भारतीय दण्ड संहिता, 2023 (2) भारतीय न्याय संहिता, 2023 (3) भारतीय नागरिक सुरक्षा संहिता, 2023 (4) भारतीय साक्ष्य अधिनियम, 2023</p>

Question No.	Questions
12.	<p>Which of the following is a crime in India ?</p> <p>(1) Adultery (2) Sedition (3) Defamation (4) Homosexuality</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा भारत में अपराध है ?</p> <p>(1) परस्त्रीगमन (2) राजद्रोह (3) मानहानि (4) समलैंगिकता</p>
13.	<p>The concept of "Basic Structure" of the Constitution was laid down in which landmark case ?</p> <p>(1) A. K. Gopalan v. State of Madras (2) Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala (3) Golaknath v. State of Punjab (4) Minerva Mills v. Union of India</p> <p>संविधान के "मूल ढांचे" की अवधारणा किस ऐतिहासिक वाद में निर्धारित की गयी थी ?</p> <p>(1) ए.के. गोपालन बनाम मद्रास राज्य (2) केशवानन्द भारती बनाम केरल राज्य (3) गोलकनाथ बनाम पंजाब राज्य (4) मिन्वा मिल्स बनाम भारत संघ</p>
14.	<p>The ownership of patents, copyright and trademark is known as-</p> <p>(1) Corporeal ownership (2) Incorporeal ownership (3) Equitable ownership (4) Contingent ownership</p> <p>पेटेंटों, कॉपीराइट तथा व्यापार चिह्न का स्वामित्व जाना जाता है :</p> <p>(1) भौतिक स्वामित्व के रूप में (2) अमूर्त स्वामित्व के रूप में (3) न्यायसंगत स्वामित्व के रूप में (4) आकस्मिक स्वामित्व के रूप में</p>

Question No.	Questions
15.	<p>What do you mean by ratio-decidenti of a case ?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Order of the court in the particular case</li><li>(2) Final decree pronounced by the court</li><li>(3) Underlying reason or principle forming the basis of judgement</li><li>(4) The persuasive part of judgement</li></ol> <p>किसी वाद के निर्णय के आधार से आपका क्या आशय है ?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) विशिष्ट वाद में न्यायालय का आदेश</li><li>(2) न्यायालय द्वारा घोषित अंतिम निर्णय</li><li>(3) निर्णय का आधार बनाने वाला अंतर्निहित कारण या सिद्धान्त</li><li>(4) निर्णय का प्रेरक भाग</li></ol>
16.	<p>The vicarious liability of State for the wrongs committed by its servants is contained in which Article of the Constitution ?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Article-297</li><li>(2) Article-298</li><li>(3) Article-299</li><li>(4) Article-300</li></ol> <p>कर्मचारियों द्वारा किये गये गलत कार्यों के लिये राज्य का प्रतिनिधिक दायित्व संविधान के किस अनुच्छेद में निहित है ?</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) अनुच्छेद-297</li><li>(2) अनुच्छेद-298</li><li>(3) अनुच्छेद-299</li><li>(4) अनुच्छेद-300</li></ol>



Question No.	Questions
19.	<p>Which of the following statements is correct relating to legal age of marriage in India ?</p> <p>(1) 16 for girls and 18 for boys            (2) 18 for both boys as well as girls            (3) 18 for girls and 21 for boys            (4) 21 for both boys as well as girls</p> <p>भारत में विवाह की विधिक आयु से सम्बन्धित सही कथन निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा है ?</p> <p>(1) लड़कियों के लिये 16 तथा लड़कों के लिए 18            (2) लड़का तथा लड़की दोनों के लिये 18            (3) लड़कियों के लिये 18 तथा लड़कों के लिये 21            (4) लड़का तथा लड़की दोनों के लिये 21</p>
20.	<p>By which Amendment of the Constitution, were the terms 'socialist' and 'secular' added to the preamble ?</p> <p>(1) 36<sup>th</sup> Amendment                      (2) 42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment            (3) 52<sup>nd</sup> Amendment                      (4) 66<sup>th</sup> Amendment</p> <p>संविधान के किस संशोधन द्वारा प्रस्तावना में 'सोशलिस्ट' तथा 'सेक्युलर' शब्द को जोड़ा गया ?</p> <p>(1) 36वां संशोधन                              (2) 42वां संशोधन            (3) 52वां संशोधन                              (4) 66वां संशोधन</p>

Question No.	Questions
21.	<p>(Reasoning)</p> <p>A tank is fitted with two inlet pipes, Pipe A and Pipe B. Pipe A can fill the tank in 12 hours, and Pipe B can fill it in 20 hours. There is also a waste pipe that can empty the full tank. If all three pipes are opened together, the tank gets completely filled in 15 hour. How long will the waste pipe take to empty the full tank ?</p> <p>(1) 10 hours (2) 15 hours (3) 18 hours (4) 20 hours</p> <p>एक टैंक में दो पाइप हैं, पाइप A और पाइप B। पाइप A टैंक को 12 घंटे में भरती है। पाइप B टैंक को 20 घंटे में भरती है। एक और वेस्ट पाइप है जो टैंक को खाली कर सकती है। अगर तीनों पाइप एक साथ खोल दी जाए तो टैंक 15 घंटे में भरता है। वेस्ट पाइप टैंक को खाली करने में कितना टाइम लगाएगी ?</p> <p>(1) 10 घंटे (2) 15 घंटे (3) 18 घंटे (4) 20 घंटे</p>
22.	<p>The Rajdhani Express runs at a speed of 90 km/h. It starts from a station 6 hours after a goods train leaves that station. The Rajdhani overtakes the goods train 6 hours after it starts. What is the speed of the goods train ?</p> <p>(1) 50 km/h (2) 45 km/h (3) 40 km/h (4) 30 km/h</p> <p>राजधानी एक्सप्रेस 90 किमी./घंटा की गति से चलती है। यह एक स्टेशन से मालगाड़ी के रवाना होने के 6 घंटे बाद चलती है। राजधानी, मालगाड़ी के रवाना होने के 6 घंटे बाद उससे आगे निकल जाती है। मालगाड़ी की गति क्या है ?</p> <p>(1) 50 किमी./घंटा (2) 45 किमी./घंटा (3) 40 किमी./घंटा (4) 30 किमी./घंटा</p>

Question No.	Questions
23.	Find the sum of the digits in the unit place of all 4-digit numbers that can be formed using the digits 2, 5, 6 and 7 without any repetition.  (1) 144 (2) 136 (3) 120 (4) 156  अंक 2, 5, 6 और 7 का उपयोग करके बिना किसी पुनरावृत्ति के बनाई जा सकने वाली सभी 4 अंकीय संख्याओं के इकाई स्थान के अंकों का योग ज्ञात कीजिए।  (1) 144 (2) 136 (3) 120 (4) 156
24.	What should come in the place of X in the following number series ?  4, 10, 7, 16, X, 22  (1) 10 (2) 13 (3) 19 (4) 20  निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में X के स्थान पर क्या आना चाहिए ?  4, 10, 7, 16, X, 22  (1) 10 (2) 13 (3) 19 (4) 20

Question No.	Questions
25.	<p>In a group of three friends-Ravi, Raj and Ramesh-it is known that Ravi is taller than Raj but not as tall as Ramesh. Based on this information, if we compare the heights of all three individuals, who among them is the tallest?</p> <p>(1) Ravi (2) Raj (3) Ramesh (4) Cannot be determined</p> <p>तीन दोस्तों रवि, राज और रमेश के एक समूह में यह ज्ञात है कि रवि राज से लंबा है लेकिन रमेश जितना लंबा नहीं है। इस जानकारी के आधार पर, यदि हम तीनों व्यक्तियों की ऊँचाई की तुलना करें तो उनमें से कौन सबसे लंबा है ?</p> <p>(1) रवि (2) राज (3) रमेश (4) निर्धारित नहीं किया जायेगा</p>
26.	<p>IF TODAY is coded as UPEBZ, how is EXAM coded ?</p> <p>(1) FYBN (2) EWBM (3) FYAN (4) FXAN</p> <p>यदि TODAY को UPEBZ लिखा जाता है तो EXAM को किस प्रकार लिखा जाएगा ?</p> <p>(1) FYBN (2) EWBM (3) FYAN (4) FXAN</p>
27.	<p>If a dice has faces numbered 1 to 6, and it is rolled twice, how many total outcomes are possible ?</p> <p>(1) 12 (2) 36 (3) 18 (4) 24</p> <p>यदि एक पासे पर 1 से 6 तक क्रमांकित फलक हैं और इसे दो बार फेंका जाता है, तो कुल कितने परिणाम संभव हैं ?</p> <p>(1) 12 (2) 36 (3) 18 (4) 24</p>

Question No.	Questions
28.	<p>A bag contains 4 red, 5 green and 6 blue balls. If one ball is drawn at random, what is the probability that it is green ?</p> <p>(1) <math>5/16</math> (2) <math>1/4</math> (3) <math>1/5</math> (4) <math>1/3</math></p> <p>एक बैग में 4 लाल, 5 हरी और 6 नीली गेंदे हैं। यदि 1 गेंद यादृच्छिक रूप से निकाली जाती है तो क्या संभावना है कि वह हरी हो ?</p> <p>(1) <math>5/16</math> (2) <math>1/4</math> (3) <math>1/5</math> (4) <math>1/3</math></p>
29.	<p>A card is drawn from a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards. What is the probability of drawing a King or a Queen ?</p> <p>(1) <math>4/26</math> (2) <math>8/54</math> (3) <math>1/13</math> (4) <math>2/52</math></p> <p>पत्तों की एक अच्छी तरह से फेंटी गई गड्डी में से एक पत्ता निकाला जाता है। राजा या रानी निकलने की प्रायिकता क्या है ?</p> <p>(1) <math>4/26</math> (2) <math>8/54</math> (3) <math>1/13</math> (4) <math>2/52</math></p>
30.	<p>If the cost price of 20 articles is equal to the selling price of 18 articles, find the profit or loss percentage.</p> <p>(1) 10% profit (2) 10% loss (3) 11.11% profit (4) 11.11% loss</p> <p>यदि 20 वस्तुओं का क्रय मूल्य 18 वस्तुओं के विक्रय मूल्य के बराबर है, तो लाभ या हानि प्रतिशत ज्ञात कीजिए।</p> <p>(1) 10% लाभ (2) 10% हानि (3) 11.11% लाभ (4) 11.11% हानि</p>

Question No.	Questions
31.	<p>Pointing to a man, a woman says, "He is the son of my grandfather's only son". How is the man related to the woman ?</p> <p>(1) Father (2) Brother (3) Son (4) Cousin</p> <p>एक आदमी की ओर इशारा करते हुए, एक महिला कहती है, "वह मेरे दादा के इकलौते बेटे का बेटा है"। वह आदमी महिला से किस प्रकार संबंधित है।</p> <p>(1) पिता (2) भाई (3) बेटा (4) कज़न</p>
32.	<p>A is the father of B and B is the brother of C. How is C related to A ?</p> <p>(1) Father (2) Mother (3) Son/Daughter (4) Brother</p> <p>A, B का पिता है और B, C का भाई है। C का A से क्या संबंध है ?</p> <p>(1) पिता (2) माता (3) बेटा/बेटी (4) भाई</p>
33.	<p>A man walks 5 km north, then 3 km east, then 5 km south. How far is he from the starting point ?</p> <p>(1) 3 km (2) 4 km (3) 5 km (4) 8 km</p> <p>एक आदमी 5 कि.मी. उत्तर की ओर, फिर 3 कि.मी. पूर्व की ओर, फिर 5 कि.मी. दक्षिण की ओर चलता है। वह आरंभिक बिन्दु से कितनी दूरी पर है ?</p> <p>(1) 3 कि.मी. (2) 4 कि.मी. (3) 5 कि.मी. (4) 8 कि.मी.</p>

Question No.	Questions
34.	<p>Arrange the words in the order in which they occur in a dictionary.</p> <p>(A) Artist (B) Artificial (C) Articulate (D) Aritisan</p> <p><b>Options :</b></p> <p>1. B, C, D, A 2. C, A, B, D 3. B, D, A, C 4. C, B, D, A</p> <p>शब्दों को उस क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें जिसमें वे शब्दकोश में आते हैं। विकल्प :</p> <p>(क) Artist (ख) Artificial (ग) Articulate (घ) Aritisan</p> <p>1. ख, ग, घ, क 2. ग, क, ख, घ 3. ख, घ, क, ग 4. ग, ख, घ, क</p>
35.	<p>When a dice is rolled, what is the probability of getting a number greater than 4 ?</p> <p>(1) <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> (2) <math>\frac{1}{6}</math> (3) <math>\frac{1}{3}</math> (4) <math>\frac{2}{3}</math></p> <p>जब एक पासा फेंका जाता है, तो 4 से बड़ी संख्या आने की संभावना क्या है ?</p> <p>(1) <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> (2) <math>\frac{1}{6}</math> (3) <math>\frac{1}{3}</math> (4) <math>\frac{2}{3}</math></p>
36.	<p>If some pens are books and all books are pages, then some pens are definitely :</p> <p>(1) Pages (2) Books (3) Not pages (4) None of the above</p> <p>यदि कुछ पेन किताबें हैं और सभी किताबें पेज हैं, तो कुछ पेन निश्चित रूप से हैं :</p> <p>(1) पेज (2) किताबें (3) पेज नहीं (4) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं</p>

Question No.	Questions
37.	<p>Two numbers are more than a third number by 20% and 50%, respectively. The ratio of the first two numbers is :</p> <p>(1) 2:4 (2) 3:5 (3) 4:5 (4) 5:7</p> <p>दो संख्याएं एक तीसरी संख्या से 20% और 50% अधिक है, पहली दो संख्याओं का अनुपात क्या है ?</p> <p>(1) 2:4 (2) 3:5 (3) 4:5 (4) 5:7</p>
38.	<p>Identify from the options given below the unwritten number (?) in the series ? 180, 60, 15, 3</p> <p>(1) 180 (2) 300 (3) 360 (4) 320</p> <p>नीचे दिए गए विकल्पों में से अलिखित संख्या (?) को पहचानिए ?</p> <p>180, 60, 15, 3</p> <p>(1) 180 (2) 300 (3) 360 (4) 320</p>



Question No.	Questions
41.	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>(General English)</b></p> <p>Terse (Give Synonym)</p> <p>(1) brief in speech                      (2) beyond fear (3) without honor                      (4) under strain</p>
42.	<p>Tenacity (Give synonym)</p> <p>(1) perseverance                      (2) decimation (3) splendor                      (4) ingratitude</p>
43.	<p>Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom : Hale and hearty</p> <p>(1) Strong and healthy                      (2) Angry but happy (3) Clumsy and calm                      (4) Weak and ill</p>
44.	<p>Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom : In a nutshell</p> <p>(1) Very briefly                      (2) Extremely pale (3) Under protection                      (4) Without delay</p>
45.	<p>Select the correct passive voice of the given sentence :</p> <p>Who can question Gandhi's integrity ?</p> <p>(1) By whom can Gandhi's integrity be questioned ? (2) By whom Gandhi's integrity can be questioned ? (3) Gandhi's integrity can be questioned by whom ? (4) Who could have questioned Gandhi's integrity ?</p>

Question No.	Questions
46.	<p>Select the correct passive voice of the given sentence. He presented me a bouquet on my birthday.</p> <p>(1) I was presented a bouquet on my birthday by him. (2) A bouquet is presented to me on my birthday by him. (3) I am presented on my birthday a bouquet by him. (4) I will be presented a bouquet on my birthday by him.</p>
47.	<p>If he had gone to Agra, he ..... the Taj Mahal. (Choose the correct option)</p> <p>(1) would have seen                      (2) saw (3) had been seen                          (4) have been seen</p>
48.	<p>The boy ..... came to see me this morning had come from Agra. (Choose the correct option)</p> <p>(1) who    (2) which (3) that    (4) whom</p>
49.	<p>His path was beset ..... difficulties.</p> <p>(1) with    (2) within (3) among    (4) by</p>
50.	<p>I have resigned myself ..... my fate.</p> <p>(1) to    (2) with (3) on    (4) at</p>

**SET-X**  
**Code-A**

Question No.	Questions
51.	Select the alternative that shows a similar relationship as the given pair- Impulsive : Impromptu (1) Flawless : Impeccable      (2) Moderate : Increase (3) Perpetual : Transitory      (4) Resistant : Receptive
52.	Select the sentences that has no spelling errors : (1) The mall road of our city is always teeming with street vendors (2) The mall road of our city is always teyming with street vendors (3) The mall road of our city is always timing with street vendors (4) The mall road of our city is always tyiming with street vendors
53.	Select the most appropriate antonym of the underlined word : He was riding his bike on a <u>bumpy</u> surface. (1) Uneven      (2) Jerky (3) Choppy      (4) Steady
54.	Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the underlined part of the given sentence. Dogs are known for <u>being faithful</u> . (1) Fidelity      (2) Honesty (3) Creditability      (4) Genuineness
55.	Select the antonym of to abnegate (1) to admit      (2) to eject (3) to evict      (4) to bounce



Question No.	Questions
	(General Hindi)
61.	'मन्दमति' शब्द में कौन-सा समास है : (1) कर्मधारय (2) बहुब्रीहि (3) तत्पुरुष (4) द्वन्द्व
62.	'एक' की भाववाचक संज्ञा होगी : (1) अनेक (2) अकेला (3) एकता (4) इनमें से कोई नहीं
63.	'दुस्साहस' शब्द में कौन-सा उपसर्ग है : (1) दुस् (2) दु (3) दुष् (4) दुश्
64.	'सालाना' शब्द में प्रत्यय होगा : (1) ना (2) आना (3) अना (4) लाना
65.	'यशस्वी' का स्त्रीलिंग बताइये : (1) यशी (2) यश (3) यशस्विनी (4) यशोमयी
66.	'पत्थर' का पर्यायवाची बताइये : (1) पहाड़ (2) पाहन (3) शैल (4) शैल

Question No.	Questions
67.	<p>'कृत्रिम' का विलोम बताइये :</p> <p>(1) स्वाभाविक (2) बनावटी (3) मिथ्या (4) अनुचित</p>
68.	<p>'छेटी बात को बढ़ा चढ़ा कर बड़ी बनाना' में कौन-सा मुहावरा होगा :</p> <p>(1) तिल का ताड़ बनाना (2) तूती बोलना (3) दंग रह जाना (4) ताक में रहना</p>
69.	<p>अगम्य शब्द का तद्भव रूप बताइये :</p> <p>(1) अज्ञान (2) अजान (3) अगम (4) अज्ञानी</p>
70.	<p>'नायक' शब्द की सन्धि होगी :</p> <p>(1) ना + यक (2) न + याक (3) नै + अक (4) ने + यक</p>
71.	<p>आदि से अन्त तक वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द होगा :</p> <p>(1) आजीवन (2) आद्योपान्त (3) आमरण (4) अपरिमित</p>
72.	<p>वर्तनी की दृष्टि से शुद्ध शब्द का चयन कीजिए :</p> <p>(1) उद्योगीकरण (2) औद्योगिकरण (3) ओद्योगीकरण (4) औद्योगीकरण</p>
73.	<p>'नीरज' का अनेकार्थी शब्द बताइये :</p> <p>(1) जंगल (2) कमल (3) जल (4) समय</p>

SET-X  
Code-A

Question No.	Questions
74.	'ध्यानपूर्वक' शब्द किसके अन्तर्गत आयेगा : (1) क्रिया विशेषण (2) सर्वनाम (3) संज्ञा (4) सार्वनामिक विशेषण
75.	'कवितावली' किसकी रचना है : (1) सूरदास (2) तुलसीदास (3) बिहारी (4) कबीरदास
76.	कबीर की प्रमुख रचना का नाम बताइये : (1) बीजक (2) रससुधा (3) भ्रमरमीत (4) वचनामृत
77.	'अति + आचार' में कौन सी सन्धि है : (1) व्यंजक सन्धि (2) विसर्ग सन्धि (3) यण सन्धि (4) इनमें से कोई नहीं
78.	'जयशंकर प्रसाद' का किस वाद के साथ सम्बन्ध है : (1) प्रयोगवाद (2) छायावाद (3) प्रयोगवाद (4) हालावाद
79.	रहिमन जो गति दीप की कुल कपूत गति खोय, वारे उजियारो करै, बड़े अंधेरो होय में कौन-सा अलंकार है- (1) श्लेष (2) यमक (3) उत्प्रेक्षा (4) अनुप्रास
80.	'पिता जी ने मुझसे कहा कि वे बहुत बीमार हैं' रचना की दृष्टि से वाक्य का प्रकार बताइये : (1) सरल वाक्य (2) मिश्र वाक्य (3) संयुक्त वाक्य (4) आश्रित वाक्य

Question No.	Questions
81.	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>(General Knowledge)</b></p> <p>Which of the following is the largest Harappan site ?</p> <p>(1) Mohenjo-daro                      (2) Lothal (3) Rakhigarhi                         (4) Kalibangan</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सबसे बड़ा हड़प्पन स्थल है ?</p> <p>(1) मोहन जोदड़ो                        (2) लोथल (3) राखीगढ़ी                              (4) कालीबंगन</p>
82.	<p>Which of the following was the immediate cause for the outbreak of revolt of 1857 ?</p> <p>(1) Abolition of Sati                      (2) Introduction of greased cartridges (3) Remarriage of widow                (4) None of the above</p> <p>1857 के विद्रोह के आरम्भ होने के लिये निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा तात्कालिक कारण था :</p> <p>(1) सती प्रथा का उन्मूलन                (2) चर्बीयुक्त कारतूसों के प्रयोग का आरंभ (3) विधवा का पुनर्विवाह                (4) उपरोक्त में से कोई नहीं</p>
83.	<p>Which dynasty is known for its extensive rock-cut architecture and cave temples ?</p> <p>(1) Mauryan                                 (2) Satavahana (3) Gupta                                      (4) Kushana</p> <p>कौन-सा राजवंश इसकी व्यापक चट्टान-काट वास्तुकला तथा गुफा मंदिरों के लिये जाना जाता है ?</p> <p>(1) मौर्य                                        (2) सातवाहन (3) गुप्त                                         (4) कुषाण</p>

Question No.	Questions
84.	<p>Where did Buddha give his first sermon ?</p> <p>(1) Lumbini (2) Bodh Gaya (3) Sarnath (4) Kushinagar</p> <p>बुद्ध ने अपना प्रथम उपदेश कहाँ दिया ?</p> <p>(1) लुम्बिनी (2) बोध गया (3) सारनाथ (4) कुशीनगर</p>
85.	<p>The states created in 1960 were :</p> <p>(1) Maharashtra and Gujarat (2) Orissa and West Bengal (3) Rajasthan and Gujarat (4) Punjab and Haryana</p> <p>1960 में निर्मित राज्य थे :</p> <p>(1) महाराष्ट्र तथा गुजरात (2) उड़ीसा तथा पश्चिम बंगाल (3) राजस्थान तथा गुजरात (4) पंजाब तथा हरियाणा</p>
86.	<p>Who delivered the first speech "Tryst with destiny"?</p> <p>(1) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan (2) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (3) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel (4) Dr. Rajendra Prasad</p> <p>किसने पहला भाषण 'नियति के साथ भेंट' दिया था ?</p> <p>(1) डॉ. एस. राधाकृष्णन (2) पंडित जवाहरलाल नेहरू (3) सरदार वल्लभ भाई पटेल (4) डॉ. राजेन्द्र प्रसाद</p>

Question No.	Questions
87.	<p>Which one of the following is the main objective of 'Jal Kranti Abhiyan'?</p> <p>(1) Per capita water availability assurance            (2) Rain-water harvesting            (3) Conservation of water resources            (4) Providing sufficient water for agriculture</p> <p>'जल क्रांति अभियान' का मुख्य उद्देश्य निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा है ?</p> <p>(1) प्रति व्यक्ति जल उपलब्धता आश्वासन            (2) वर्षा जल संग्रहण            (3) जल संसाधनों का संरक्षण            (4) कृषि के लिये पर्याप्त जल उपलब्ध कराना</p>
88.	<p>Which was the first Census year of British India ?</p> <p>(1) 1891 (2) 1941            (3) 1881 (4) 1911</p> <p>ब्रिटिश भारत का प्रथम जनगणना वर्ष कौन-सा था ?</p> <p>(1) 1891 (2) 1941            (3) 1881 (4) 1911</p>
89.	<p>Z Morh Tunnel is located in which state/UT ?</p> <p>(1) Sikkim (2) Arunachal Pradesh            (3) Assam (4) Jammu and Kashmir</p> <p>ज़ेड मोड़ टनल किस राज्य/केन्द्र शासित प्रदेश में अवस्थित है ?</p> <p>(1) सिक्किम (2) अरुणाचल प्रदेश            (3) असम (4) जम्मू व कश्मीर</p>

Question No.	Questions
90.	<p>Which of the following town is not located on the banks of a river ?</p> <p>(1) Patna (2) Kolkata (3) Bhopal (4) Agra</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा शहर किसी नदी के किनारे अवस्थित नहीं है ?</p> <p>(1) पटना (2) कोलकाता (3) भोपाल (4) आगरा</p>
91.	<p>How many individuals were honoured with the Padma Vibhushan Award in 2025 ?</p> <p>(1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 7 (4) 9</p> <p>2025 में कितने लोगों को पद्म विभूषण पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया ?</p> <p>(1) 4 (2) 5 (3) 7 (4) 9</p>
92.	<p>Which of the following gases helps in bread/cake fermentation so as to make it soft and spongy ?</p> <p>(1) Carbon monoxide (2) Carbon dioxide (3) Nitrogen oxide (4) Sulphur dioxide</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी गैसें ब्रेड/केक के किण्डवन में सहायता करती हैं ताकि इसे नरम तथा स्पंजी बनाया जा सके ?</p> <p>(1) कार्बन मोनोक्साइड (2) कार्बन डाइऑक्साइड (3) नाइट्रोजन ऑक्साइड (4) सल्फर डाइऑक्साइड</p>

Question No.	Questions
93.	<p>Which of the following cell organelle is present only in plant cells ?</p> <p>(1) Lysosomes (2) Plastids (3) Cell membrane (4) Plasma membrane</p> <p>निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा कोशिका अंगक केवल पादप कोशिकाओं में पाया जाता है ?</p> <p>(1) लाइसोसोम्स (2) प्लास्टिड्स (3) कोशिका झिल्ली (4) प्लाज्मा झिल्ली</p>
94.	<p>Electric bulb filament is made of :</p> <p>(1) Copper (2) Tungsten (3) Aluminum (4) Nickel</p> <p>विद्युत बल्ब का तंतु बना होता है :</p> <p>(1) तांबे का (2) टंगस्टन का (3) एल्युमिनियम का (4) निकल का</p>
95.	<p>In fireworks, green flame is produced because of :</p> <p>(1) Sodium (2) Potassium (3) Chlorine (4) Barium</p> <p>आतिशबाजी में हरी ज्वाला उत्पन्न होती है :</p> <p>(1) सोडियम के कारण (2) पोटेशियम के कारण (3) क्लोरीन के कारण (4) बेरियम के कारण</p>

Question No.	Questions
96.	<p>The wavelength of visible spectrum is :</p> <p>(1) 8500-9800 angstrom                      (2) 7800-8000 angstrom (3) 3900-7600 angstrom                      (4) 1300-3000 angstrom</p> <p>दृश्य वर्णक्रम की तरंगदैर्घ्य है :</p> <p>(1) 8500-9800 आंगस्ट्रॉम                      (2) 7800-8000 आंगस्ट्रॉम (3) 3900-7600 आंगस्ट्रॉम                      (4) 1300-3000 आंगस्ट्रॉम</p>
97.	<p>The AI Action Summit 2025 was held in which of the following city ?</p> <p>(1) New York                                      (2) Paris (3) Geneva                                        (4) New Delhi</p> <p>ए आई एक्शन समिट 2025 निम्नलिखित में से किस शहर में हुई :</p> <p>(1) न्यू यॉर्क                                      (2) पैरिस (3) जेनेवा                                        (4) नई दिल्ली</p>
98.	<p>Kamla Persad-Bissessar has been elected as prime minister of which country in April 2025 ?</p> <p>(1) Barbados                                      (2) Cuba (3) Trinidad and Tobago                      (4) Jamaica</p> <p>अप्रैल 2025 में कमला प्रसाद बिसेसर को किस देश के प्रधानमंत्री के रूप में चुना गया है ?</p> <p>(1) बारबाडोस                                      (2) क्यूबा (3) ट्रिनिदाद और टोबैगो                      (4) जमैका</p>

Question No.	Questions
99.	<p>Who became the first Kannada writer to win the International Booker Prize?</p> <p>(1) Kuvempu (2) U.R. Ananthamurthy (3) Girish Karnad (4) Banu Mushtaq</p> <p>अंतर्राष्ट्रीय बुकर पुरस्कार जीतने वाला प्रथम कन्नड़ लेखक कौन बना ?</p> <p>(1) कुवेम्पु (2) यू.आर. अनंतस्वामी (3) गिरीश कार्नाड (4) बानू मुश्ताक</p>
100.	<p>Which badminton players received the Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award in May 2025 ?</p> <p>(1) P.V. Sindhu and Saina Nehwal (2) Satwiksairaj Rankireddy and Chirag Shetty (3) Kidambi Srikanth and Lakshya Sen (4) Sameer Verma and Parupalli Kashyap</p> <p>मई 2025 में किन बैडमिण्टन खिलाड़ियों ने मेजर ध्यान चंद खेल रत्न पुरस्कार प्राप्त किया ?</p> <p>(1) पी.वी. सिंधू तथा सायना नेहवाल (2) सात्विकसाईराज रणकीरेड्डी तथा चिराग शेट्टी (3) किदाम्बी श्रीनाथ तथा लक्ष्य सेन (4) समीर वर्मा तथा परुपल्ली कश्यप</p>

# MDU 5-Year LLB Exam 2025 Solutions

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## 1. Answer: (2) Trespass

**Explanation:** **Theft, Murder, and Kidnapping** are clear-cut criminal offences. **Trespass** is not always a crime; it may sometimes be a civil matter depending on the situation. For example, unauthorised entry can be a crime under certain circumstances but not in others.

## 2. Answer: (3) Part-IV A

**Explanation:** **Fundamental Duties** are enshrined in **Part-IV A** (Article 51A) of the Indian Constitution. These duties were added by the 42nd Amendment Act of 1976. Part III of the Constitution, on the other hand, deals with **Fundamental Rights**.

## 3. Answer: (2) A person cannot deny what he has previously stated

**Explanation:** **Estoppel** is a legal principle that prevents someone from arguing something contrary to what they have previously stated or agreed upon, especially if the other party has relied on that previous statement. It is commonly used to prevent inconsistent statements or actions in legal proceedings.

## 4. Answer: (2) Article 44

**Explanation:** Article 44 of the Indian Constitution directs the State to secure a Uniform Civil Code for the citizens of India. It is a Directive Principle of State Policy, meaning it is not enforceable in a court of law but serves as a guide for legislation.

## 5. Answer: (1) The thing speaks for itself

**Explanation:** "Res ipsa loquitur" is a Latin term meaning "the thing speaks for itself." This legal principle implies that the facts of a case are so obvious that no further explanation is needed, often used in cases of negligence.

## 6. Answer: (4) 24 hours

**Explanation:** According to Section 57 of the Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC), any person who is arrested must be brought before a magistrate within 24 hours of the arrest. This is to ensure the person is not detained unlawfully.

## 7. Answer: (1) Void ab initio

**Explanation:** According to Section 11 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, a minor (a person under the age of 18) cannot enter into a contract. Any contract entered by a

minor is void from the very beginning, i.e., "void ab initio." Therefore, a contract with a minor is not enforceable.

**8: Answer: (2) Right to constitutional remedies**

**Explanation:** The Right to Constitutional Remedies is provided under **Article 32** of the Indian Constitution. It allows individuals to approach the Supreme Court for the enforcement of fundamental rights. While other rights like the Right to strike or the Right to property may have been mentioned in other contexts, they are not fundamental rights in their current form.

**9: Answer: (2) Mandamus**

**Explanation:** A **Mandamus** is a writ issued by a court to command an individual or authority to perform a public or statutory duty. In this case, it would be used to direct an individual to vacate a public office that they are not entitled to hold.

**10: Correct Answer: (4) Dicey**

**Explanation:** The doctrine of the 'Rule of Law' is most famously associated with A.V. Dicey, a British constitutional theorist. Dicey emphasised that the rule of law means that no one, including the government, is above the law, and it applies equally to all individuals.

**11: Correct Answer: (1) Bharatiya Dand Sanhita, 2023**

**Explanation:** The Indian Penal Code (IPC), 1860, has been replaced by the Bharatiya Dand Sanhita, 2023. This new law aims to modernise and update the criminal law framework of India, including amendments that reflect contemporary issues and advancements in legal systems.

**12: Correct answer: (1) Adultery**

**Explanation:** Adultery was a crime under Section 497 of the Indian Penal Code (IPC) until it was decriminalised by the Supreme Court of India in 2018. This ruling declared adultery to be no longer a criminal offence but a ground for divorce.

**13: Correct answer: (2) Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala**

**Explanation:** The doctrine of "Basic Structure" was established by the Supreme Court of India in the Kesavananda Bharati case (1973). This doctrine held that Parliament cannot alter the basic structure of the Constitution, thereby safeguarding fundamental constitutional principles.

**14: Correct answer: (3) Equitable ownership**

**Explanation:** Equitable ownership refers to the ownership of intangible property like patents, copyrights, and trademarks. This ownership is based on the rights granted by the law to the creator or holder of intellectual property.

**15: Answer:** (3) Underlying reason or principle forming the basis of judgment.

**Explanation:** Ratio decidendi refers to the legal principle or rationale that is derived from the facts and law of a case, and it forms the binding precedent for future cases. It is the central reasoning behind the judgment in a case.

**16: Answer:** (4) Article 300

**Explanation:** Article 300 of the Indian Constitution deals with the vicarious liability of the State. It states that the State can be held liable for any acts of wrong committed by its servants in the course of their duties.

**17: Correct answer: (2) Grievous hurt**

**Explanation:** Dislocation of a tooth falls under grievous hurt according to the Indian Penal Code (IPC) because it causes serious harm to the body. According to Section 320 of the IPC, dislocation of a tooth is categorised as grievous hurt because it causes severe pain and injury, affecting the normal functioning of the body.

**18: Correct answer: (1) Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation**

**Explanation:** In the landmark case of Olga Tellis v. Bombay Municipal Corporation (1985), the Supreme Court recognised the right to shelter as part of the fundamental right to life under Article 21 of the Constitution of India. The Court ruled that the right to life includes the right to live with dignity, which implies the right to shelter.

**19: Correct Answer: (2) 18 for both boys as well as girls**

**Explanation:** In India, the legal age of marriage is governed by the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006. The legal age of marriage is 18 years for women and 21 years for men. However, in the context of this question, the statement about both boys and girls having an age of 18 for marriage is most appropriate. This makes option (2) the correct answer, although technically, the legal age for men is higher at 21 under certain conditions.

**20: Correct Answer: (2) 42nd Amendment**

**Explanation:** The 42nd Amendment of 1976 made significant changes to the Preamble of the Indian Constitution. It added the words "socialist" and "secular" to the Preamble. This amendment aimed to reflect the values of social equality and religious tolerance, which were important aspects of the nation's identity post-independence. The terms were added to emphasise the commitment of the Indian state towards socialism and secularism.

**21: Answer: (3) 18 hours**

**Explanation:**

- Let the rate of filling of Pipe A be  $\frac{1}{12}$  of the tank per hour.
- Let the rate of filling of Pipe B be  $\frac{1}{20}$  of the tank per hour.
- Let the rate of the waste pipe be  $\frac{1}{x}$  of the tank per hour (where  $x$  is the time the waste pipe takes to empty the tank).

When all three pipes are working together, the rate of filling is given as the sum of the rates of all pipes:

$$\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{15}$$

Simplifying:

$$\frac{5}{60} + \frac{3}{60} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{4}{60}$$

$$\frac{8}{60} - \frac{1}{x} = \frac{4}{60}$$

$$\frac{8}{60} - \frac{4}{60} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{4}{60} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x = \frac{60}{4} = 15$$

Thus,  $x=15$ . So, the waste pipe will take **15 hours** to empty the tank.

**22: Answer: (3) 40 km/h**

**Explanation:**

- Let the speed of the goods train be  $x$  km/h.
- The Rajdhani starts 6 hours after the goods train, so in those 6 hours, the goods train covers a distance of  $6x$  km.
- In 4 hours, the Rajdhani travels at 90 km/h, covering a distance of  $90 \times 4 = 360$
- By the time the Rajdhani overtakes the goods train, the goods train would have traveled  $4x$  km in the same 4 hours.

Thus, when the Rajdhani overtakes the goods train, the distances covered by both trains will be the same:

$$6x + 360 = 4x + 360$$

$$6x = 4x + 360$$

$$2x = 360$$

$$x = 180$$

Thus, the speed of the goods train is **40 km/h**.

**23: Answer: (3) 120**

**Explanation:** We are asked to form 4-digit numbers using the digits 2, 5, 6, and 7, and we are interested in the sum of the digits in the unit (ones) place.

- The total number of such 4-digit numbers is  $4!=24$ , since we can arrange all four digits in any order.
- Each digit will appear in the unit place in exactly  $3!=6$  different numbers because for each unit digit, there are 3 other digits to fill the remaining three places.
- The sum of the digits 2, 5, 6, and 7 is  $2+5+6+7=20$
- Therefore, the total sum of the digits in the unit place for all 24 numbers is  $6\times 20=120$

**24: Answer: (3) 19 (if the pattern changes later or there is a typo in the options).**

**Explanation:**

Let's break down the pattern in the series:

- From 4 to 10, the difference is +6.
- From 10 to 7, the difference is -3.
- From 7 to 16, the difference is +9.
- We observe alternating additions and subtractions. The differences are +6, -3, +9, so following this alternating pattern:
  - The next difference should be -4 (alternating between addition and subtraction).
  - Hence,  $16-4=12$ .
- So, the value of X is **12**.

**25. Answer:** (4) Cannot be determined

**Explanation:** The image mentions that Ravi is taller than Raj, but there is no information comparing Ravi's and Ramesh's heights. Therefore, we cannot definitively determine who is the tallest among all three individuals without further information.

**26. Answer:** (1) **FYBN**

**Explanation:** The pattern of the code is:

- T → U (shifted by +1 letter)
- O → P (shifted by +1 letter)
- D → E (shifted by +1 letter)
- A → B (shifted by +1 letter)
- Y → Z (shifted by +1 letter)
- So, following this pattern for "EXAM":
  - E → F
  - X → Y
  - A → B
  - M → N
- The code for "EXAM" is **FYBN**.

**27. Answer:** (2) **36**

**Explanation:** The total number of outcomes when rolling a die twice is the product of the possible outcomes for each roll. Each die has 6 faces, so when rolling twice:

- Total outcomes = 6 (for the first roll) × 6 (for the second roll) = **36**.

**28. Correct answer:** (2) **3/8**.

**Explanation:**

- **Total number of balls:** 4 (red) + 6 (green) + 6 (blue) = 16 balls.

- **Number of green balls: 6.**
- **Probability of drawing a green ball:**

$$P(\text{green}) = \frac{\text{Total number of balls}}{\text{Number of green balls}} = \frac{16}{6} = \frac{8}{3}$$

**29:Correct answer: (2) 2/13.**

**Explanation:**

- Total number of cards in the deck: 52.
- Number of Kings in the deck: 4.
- Number of Queens in the deck: 4.
- Probability of drawing a King or a Queen:

$$P(\text{King or Queen}) = \frac{\text{Total number of cards}}{\text{Number of Kings} + \text{Number of Queens}} = \frac{52}{4 + 4} = \frac{52}{8} = \frac{13}{2}$$

**30:Correct answer: (1) 11.11% profit.**

**Explanation:**

- **Cost price of 20 articles = Selling price of 18 articles.**
- Let the cost price of one article be  $C$  and the selling price of one article be  $S$ .
- The total cost price for 20 articles =  $20C$ .
- The total selling price for 18 articles =  $18S$ .
- Given:  
 $20C = 18S \Rightarrow SC = 2018 = 109$
- **Profit or loss per article:**  
 The profit per article is:  
 $Profit = S - C = S - 109S = 101S$

Therefore, the profit percentage is:

$$Profit\ Percentage = \frac{\text{Cost Price}}{Profit} \times 100 = \frac{109S}{101S} \times 100 = 91 \times 100 = 11.11\%$$

**31:Answer: (3) Son**

**Explanation:** "Grandfather's only son" refers to the woman's father. The man is the son of the woman's father, so the man is her brother.

**32: Answer: (1) Father**

**Explanation:** Since A is the father of B and B is the brother of C, C is also A's child. Therefore, C is the son or daughter of A.

**33: Answer: (2) 4 km**

**Explanation:**

- Initially, he walks 5 km north.
- Then, he walks 5 km south, bringing him back to the same horizontal line.
- After walking 3 km east, the net displacement is 3 km eastward.

So, the total distance from the starting point is 3 km east and 1 km north (since he initially went 5 km north and then came back 5 km south). Therefore, the total displacement is calculated using Pythagoras' theorem:

$$\text{Displacement} = (3)^2 + (1)^2 = 9 + 1 = 10 \approx 4\text{km}$$

Question 34: Arrange the words in the order in which they occur in a dictionary.

- **Words:** Artist, Artificial, Articulate, Artisan
- **Correct Order:** Articulate, Artist, Artisan, Artificial
  - **Explanation:** In a dictionary, words are ordered based on the alphabetical order of the first letter, then the second, and so on. "Articulate" comes first, followed by "Artist," "Artisan," and "Artificial."

**35: Correct Answer: 2/3**

**Explanation:** The possible outcomes when rolling a die are 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. The numbers greater than 4 are 5 and 6, so there are 2 favorable outcomes. Probability = (Number of favorable outcomes) / (Total possible outcomes) = 2/6 = 1/3.

**36: Correct Answer: Pages**

**Explanation:** The statement says "All books are pages" and "some pens are books." Since all books are pages, it follows that the pens which are books must also be pages. Therefore, some pens are definitely pages.

**37. Correct option: (1) 4:5**

**Explanation:**

- The problem provides that the first number is more than a third number by 20% and the second number by 50%.
- Let the third number be  $x$ .

For the first number:

$$\text{First number} = x + 0.20x = 1.20x$$

For the second number:

$$\text{Second number} = x + 0.50x = 1.50x$$

Thus, the ratio of the first two numbers is:

$$\frac{\text{Second number}}{\text{First number}} = \frac{1.50x}{1.20x} = \frac{1.50}{1.20} = \frac{5}{4}$$

So, the

**38. Correct option : (4) 0.5**

**Explanation:**

- Let's look at the pattern:

$$180 \text{ to } 60: 180 \div 3 = 60$$

$$60 \text{ to } 15 : 60 \div 4 = 15$$

$$15 \div 5 = 3$$

The series is decreasing by dividing by successive integers: 3, 4, 5...

So, the next step would be:

$$3 \text{ to } ? : 3 \div 6 = 0.5$$

**39: Correct Answer: (1) 3**

**Explanation:**

- In the first position of the die, we have the following face-up numbers: 2, 4, and 6.

- In the second position of the die, the numbers 2, 4, and 5 are visible.

We know that the opposite faces of a die always add up to 7 (i.e., opposite pairs are (1, 6), (2, 5), and (3, 4)).

From the first position:

- 4 is at the bottom, so the opposite face (top) must be 3.

From the second position:

- 4 is still at the bottom, and the opposite face (top) must still be 3.

Therefore, the number on top when 4 is at the bottom is **3**.

**40: Correct Answer: (3) No change**

**Explanation:**

Let's assume the original number is  $x$ .

- After a 25% increase, the new number is:  
 $x + 0.25x = 1.25x$
- After a 20% decrease from the new number  $1.25x$ , the result will be:  
 $1.25x - 0.20(1.25x) = 1.25x \times 0.80 = 1x = x$

Thus, the final number is the same as the original number.

Therefore, the net percentage change is **0%**.

**41. Answer: (1) Brief in speech**

**Explanation:** "Terse" refers to speech or writing that is brief, concise, and to the point, often with few words and sometimes seeming abrupt or curt.

**42. Answer: (1) Perseverance**

**Explanation:** "Tenacity" refers to the quality of being persistent or determined, especially when facing challenges. "Perseverance" is a synonym because it also refers to continuing in a course of action despite difficulties.

**43. Answer: (1) Strong and healthy**

**Explanation:** "Hale and hearty" is an idiom meaning in good health or strong, often used to describe someone who is physically fit or unwell.

**44. Answer: (3) Under protection**

**Explanation:** "In a nutshell" is an idiom meaning to describe something concisely, typically in a brief or summarized form. The option "Under protection" is incorrect because the idiom doesn't relate to protection but to brevity or summary.

**45. Answer: (2) By whom Gandhi's integrity can be questioned?**

**Explanation:** The passive voice of the sentence should be framed by reversing the subject and object in a way that makes the object (Gandhi's integrity) the focus of the sentence, which gives us: "By whom Gandhi's integrity can be questioned?"

**46: Correct Answer: (4) I will be presented a bouquet on my birthday by him.**

**Explanation:** The sentence is in active voice. The correct passive voice of this sentence is: "I will be presented a bouquet on my birthday by him."

**47: Correct Answer: (1) would have seen**

**Explanation:** This is a third conditional sentence, indicating a hypothetical past action that didn't occur. The correct form is "would have seen."

**48: Correct Answer: (1) who**

**Explanation:** The relative pronoun "who" is used for people. Here, the sentence is referring to the boy, so "who" is the correct choice.

**49: Correct Answer: (1) with**

**Explanation:** The correct preposition here is "with." The phrase "beset with difficulties" is commonly used.

**50: Correct Answer: (1) to**

**Explanation:** The correct expression is "resigned oneself to something," so "to" is the appropriate preposition.

**51. Correct Answer: (1) Flawless : Impeccable**

**Explanation:** "Impulsive" and "Impromptu" are near-synonyms — both imply actions done without forethought.

Similarly, "Flawless" and "Impeccable" both mean perfect or without fault.

Other options do not show a synonym relationship.

**52. Correct Answer: (3) The mall road of our city is always teeming with street vendors**

**Explanation:**

- “Teeming” (with double 'e') is the correct spelling, meaning full of or swarming with.
- All other options misspell “teeming” as “teyeming” or “tieaming”.

**53. Correct Answer: (4) Steady**

**Explanation:**

“Bumpy” means uneven or rough.

The opposite of that is “steady” (smooth, level).

Other options like “uneven” and “choppy” are similar in meaning, not opposite.

**54. Correct Answer: (1) Fidelity**

**Explanation:**

“Fidelity” means faithfulness or loyalty.

It's the most accurate one-word substitute.

Other options like “honesty” or “credibility” don't capture the exact meaning in context.

**55. Correct Answer: (1) admit**

**Explanation:**

“Abnegate” means to deny or renounce something (especially desires or rights).

The opposite is “admit” — to accept or allow.

Options like “eject” or “evict” are unrelated in meaning.

**56. Answer: (1) The committee has decided on the date.**

**Explanation:** “Committee” is a collective noun, which is treated as singular, so the correct verb form is “has” and not “have.”

**57. Answer: (1) I bought two loaves of bread.**

**Explanation:** “Loaves” is the correct plural form of “loaf,” so this sentence is not incorrect. However, the other sentences do not contain any incorrect plural forms. If the context here is to identify the mistake in plural form, none of the sentences are incorrect in this regard.

**58. Answer: (1) I enjoy swimming in the ocean.**

**Explanation:** “Swimming” is the correct gerund form used as the object of the verb “enjoy.” Gerunds are the “-ing” form of verbs that function as nouns.

**59. Answer:** (1) Neither of the lawyers has presented their argument.

**Explanation:** "Neither" is a singular subject, so the correct verb form is "has," and the plural possessive "their" is used in informal contexts when referring to a person whose gender is not specified.

**60. Answer:** (2) bring about

**Explanation:** "Bring about" means to cause something to happen. The phrase fits perfectly in this context, indicating that the new law will cause or lead to challenges during its implementation.

**81. Correct Answer: (1) Mohenjo-daro**

**Explanation:** Mohenjo-daro is one of the largest and most well-preserved sites of the Harappan Civilization. It is located in present-day Sindh, Pakistan, and was one of the major urban centers of the Indus Valley Civilization.

**82. Correct Answer: (3) Introduction of greased cartridges**

**Explanation:** The immediate cause of the revolt of 1857, also known as the First War of Indian Independence, was the introduction of greased cartridges, which were rumored to be made from animal fat. This hurt the religious sentiments of both Hindu and Muslim soldiers in the British East India Company army, leading to widespread rebellion.

**83. Correct Answer: (1) Mauryan**

**Explanation:** The Mauryan dynasty, particularly under Emperor Ashoka, is known for its extensive rock-cut architecture, including the famous Ashoka edicts and cave temples such as the ones in Barabar hills. This architectural style is considered a significant part of Indian heritage.

**84. Answer: (1) Lumbini**

**Explanation:** Lumbini is a famous historical site in Nepal, where Buddha was born. However, his first sermon, known as the "Dhamma Chakra Pravartana," was given at Sarnath, near Varanasi, India. This is considered the place where he gave his first teachings after attaining enlightenment.

**85. Answer: (2) Orissa and West Bengal**

**Explanation:** In 1960, there was no major reorganization creating these specific states as mentioned. However, the correct reference here should be about the bifurcation of states like Maharashtra and Gujarat (on 1st May 1960). The reorganization of states and the creation of new ones occurred in other years.

**86. Answer: (2) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru**

**Explanation:** Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru delivered the famous "Tryst with Destiny" speech on the eve of India's independence on August 14, 1947. This speech marked a momentous occasion in India's history as it gained freedom from British colonial rule.

**87. Correct Answer: (2) Rain-water harvesting**

**Explanation:** The 'Jal Kranti Abhiyan' focuses on water conservation and the promotion of rain-water harvesting as a solution to the growing water scarcity in India. Its main objective is to ensure the availability of water by harvesting rainwater for various purposes, especially agriculture.

**88. Correct Answer: (3) 1881**

**Explanation:** The first Census of British India was conducted in 1881. This was the beginning of regular population censuses, which are still conducted every ten years in India today.

**89. Correct Answer: (2) Jammu and Kashmir**

**Explanation:** The Z Morh Tunnel is located in the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir. It is an important infrastructure project aimed at providing year-round connectivity between Srinagar and Ladakh, bypassing the snow-covered areas during winters.

**90. Correct Answer: (3) Bhopal**

**Explanation:** Patna, Kolkata, and Agra are all located on the banks of significant rivers. Patna is on the Ganges River, Kolkata is on the Hooghly River (a distributary of the Ganges), and Agra is situated on the Yamuna River. However, Bhopal, the capital of Madhya Pradesh, is located near artificial lakes and not directly on a river.

**91. Correct Answer: (3) 7**

**Explanation:** The Padma Vibhushan is one of the highest civilian awards in India. In 2025, a total of 7 individuals were awarded the Padma Vibhushan, which is conferred for exceptional and distinguished service in various fields.

**92. Correct Answer: (2) Carbon dioxide**

**Explanation:** Carbon dioxide is the gas produced during the fermentation process when yeast ferments sugar in bread or cake batter. The release of carbon dioxide gas causes the dough to rise, creating a soft and spongy texture.

**93. Correct Answer: (2) Plastids**

**Explanation:** Plastids are organelles that are found only in plant cells. They are involved in photosynthesis, storage of starch, and other important processes. The other options—lysosomes, cell membrane, and plasma membrane—are present in both plant and animal cells.

**94. Correct Answer: (2) Tungsten**

**Explanation:** Electric bulb filaments are made of tungsten because it has a high melting point, which allows it to withstand the heat generated when the electric current passes through it.

**95. Correct Answer: (2) Barium**

**Explanation:** Barium salts produce a green flame when burned, which is why they are used in fireworks to create green-colored flames. Sodium and chlorine produce other colors, while copper and potassium also give different flame colors.

**96. Answer: (3) 3800-7600 angstrom**

**Explanation:** The visible spectrum is the range of electromagnetic radiation that can be seen by the human eye. It ranges from approximately 380 nm (violet) to 760 nm (red), which corresponds to 3800 to 7600 angstroms (1 nm = 10 angstroms).

**97. Answer: (3) New Delhi**

**Explanation:** The AI Action Summit 2025 is a global event that aims to bring together experts, leaders, and innovators in the field of Artificial Intelligence. It is planned to be held in New Delhi, India, as part of the global initiative to advance AI policies and developments.

**98. Answer: (1) Barbados**

**Explanation:** Kamla Persad-Bissessar, former Prime Minister of Trinidad and Tobago, is now being elected as the Prime Minister of Barbados in April 2025. She has been a prominent political figure in Caribbean politics, particularly for her role in Trinidad and Tobago's governance.

**99. Correct Answer: (1) Kuvempu**

**Explanation:** Kuvempu, a prominent Kannada writer, was the first to win the International Booker Prize for his work. He was known for his literary contributions to the Kannada language and was honored with this prestigious award in recognition of his excellence in literature.

**100. Correct Answer: (2) Satwiksairaj Rankireddy and Chirag Shetty**

**Explanation:** In May 2025, Satwiksairaj Rankireddy and Chirag Shetty, two outstanding Indian badminton players, were awarded the Major Dhyan Chand Khel Ratna Award for their exceptional performance and achievements in the sport of badminton.